**专题复习一 M1**

**Unit 1 School life**

**一、重点单词**1. devoted devotion

【用法回顾】devote oneself / one’s time / one’s energy to (doing) sth.

 be devoted to (doing) sth.

 He has made up his mind to devote himself to reducing poverty in his country.

【考点训练】DA

2.【考点训练】 D C【联想拓展】 warn sb. of sth. remind sb.of sth. cure sb. of sth. convince sb. of sth. 3. requirement

【考点训练】（1）The plan needs consideration/ to be considered /considering.

（2）The boss required everyone to be present at the meeting. （3）C

**二、重点短语**1.【用法回顾】charge sb. some money for sth. charge sb. with sth.

free of charge in the charge of sb. in charge of sth.

【考点训练】C B A【知识拓展】in honor of in favor of in search of in need of

2.【知识拓展】 除了… 而不是…【考点训练】A D

**三、重点句型**1.【考点训练】CC

2.【用法回顾】Upon his arriving/arrival at the airport, it began to rain.

 【联想拓展】as soon as ＋从句

immediately/directly/ instantly＋从句

the moment/the minute/the second/the instant＋从句

hardly/scarcely＋过去完成时＋when从句

no sooner＋过去完成时＋than 从句

【考点训练】AB

. **Unit 2 Growing pains**

**一、重点单词**

1. 【用法提示】 Our team deserves to win because they have make great efforts for the game.

 want/need/be worth/ require

【考点训练】 D C

2.【用法回顾】 Many young people insisted on (their / them) being sent to the earthquake-stricken areas to do voluntary work.

【考点训练】B D

**二、重点短语**1.【考点训练】D B【联想拓展】 together with, with, but, like, rather than, except

**三、重点句型**

1.【联想拓展】 since /for/ as/ because/when【考点训练】A B C 2. 【考点训练】C D A

**Unit 3 Looking good, feeling good**

**一、重点单词**1. 【用法回顾】数字；人物；人影轮廓； 身材2. 【考点训练】A D

**二、重点短语**1.【用法回顾】锻炼；计算出；制定出；解决；发展

 【联想拓展】(1)计算出；想明白 (2)发展；结果是；生产 (3)辨认清楚 (4) 爆发(5) 用完；耗尽 (6) 试用；实验 【考点训练】 BCC

**三、重点句型**1.【考点训练】 CC 2. (1 )I can’t agree with you more. (2) I have never spent a more enjoyable day. (3) C

**专题复习二 模块二**

**Unit 1 Tales of the unexplained**

1. **重点单词**
2. 【考点运用】(1) witnesses; (2) witnessed to seeing; (3) have witnessed
3. 【考点运用】(1) This kind of disease occurs mainly in young children.

(2) It never occurred to me that the young man could succeed. (3) A

3. 【考点运用】(1) convinced; (2) convincing; (3) Convinced; (4) to convince

1. **重点短语**
2. 【考点运用】(1) A; (2) B 2. 【考点运用】(1) B; (2) D
3. **重点句型**
4. 【考点运用】(1) D; (2) D 2. 【考点运用】 (1) C; (2) A 3.【考点运用】(1) A; (2) C; (3) B

**Unit 2 Wish you were here**

1. **重点单词**
2. 【考点运用】(1) The secretary was busy arranging the meeting for the manager all morning. （2）I’ve arranged for a car to meet you at the railway station.

（3）We arrived at the school gate at six o’clock as arranged.

1. 【考点运用】(1) offered; (2) supplying; (3) provided
2. 【考点运用】(1) scenery; (2) sights; (3) scene; (4) view

4. 【考点运用】(1) surrounded; (2) surrounding; (3) surrounding; (4) Surround

1. **重点短语**
2. 【考点运用】(1) C; (2) D 2.【考点运用】(1) A; (2) B

**三、重点句型**

1. 【考点运用】(1) A; (2) B 2.【考点运用】(1) D; (2) B; (3) A 3. 【考点运用】(1) B; (2) B

**Unit 3 Amazing people**

1. **重点单词**

1. 【考点运用】(1) fortunate; (2) Fortunately; (3) fortune; (4) misfortune

2. 【考点运用】(1) watering/to be watered; (2) to read; (3) be present

3. 【考点运用】(1) discouraging; (2) discourage; (3) discouragement; (4) discouraged

4. 【考点运用】(1) D; (2) C

5. 【考点运用】(1) He has applied for a position to a computer company in Britain.

(2) The strictest law in history can apply to every road user. (3) B

1. **重点短语**
2. 【考点运用】(1) D; (2) D 2. 【考点运用】(1) C; (2) D 3. 【考点运用】(1) C; (2) B

**三、重点句型**

1. 【考点运用】(1) A; (2) B

2. 【考点运用】(1) What; (2) That; (3) what; (4) that;

3. 【考点运用】(1) A; (2) C

**专题复习三 定语从句**

一、基本概念

ABD ; 2是定语从句

二、定语从句的重要考点

考点一：when；which/that/不填; where；that/which/不填；why；that/which/不填

考点二：7.that

练一练：that； that； that； which

考点三：1.that/in which/不填2. that/which/不填3. A

考点四：whose;

介词的选用原则：1. on which; for which 2. on which; during which 3. for which

试一试：1.to whom 2. on which 3. with which

1. 定语从句的难点

难点一：1.as 2.that 3.As

注意：1.which/as 2. As

难点二：1.①C②D 2 . C

难点三：综合考察一：1. where2. that 3.C

综合考察二：1. that；2. that/which/不填

专题复习四 动词时态和语态

【梳理与点拨】

A. 现在完成时

1. have/ has done/ been 2. 1) I’ve closed the window. (I closed the window in the past and it is still closed now.)2) We’ve learned English for five years.3) ---Has he come yet? It’s already nine o’clock. ---Not yet.

3.1) (误) (正) (误) (正) 2) have arrived have spoken 3) has gone to has been to 4) Who has opened the window? (现在窗子还开着。) Who opened the window? (指过去开的窗，现在是开是关的没有说明。)

1.studied 2. have made 3. made 4. have travelled 5. is / has been 6. have seen 7. has stopped 8. has cleaned 9. have finished

B. 现在完成进行时

1. have/ has been doing 2. 1) She is very tired. She’s been typing letters all day. 2) It has been raining, but it has stopped now. 3) He has been writing novels since he was nine years old. 3. have visited have been touring (正) (误)

C. 将来进行时1. shall/ will be doing

2. 1) will be having 2) will be having dinner 3) will be raining

D．过去将来时1. would do 2. 1) would meet again some day 2) would come 3. 1) were going to start was going to leave 2) was about to go to bed when 3) was coming

E. 过去完成时

1. had done had had 2. 1）had done had hidden 3）had opened had run had learned had been 4）had wanted had hoped 5）No sooner had we got there had heard

【巩固与拓展】1-5 CBABC 6-10 DBCCC

**专题复习五 读写任务**

1. 写作规范

（一）词汇规范

1. strick改成strict 2. throwed改成threw

3. enviroment改为environment 4. effects改成affects

5. opened改为turned on 6. lose our heart改成lose heart

7. notice改为pay attention to 8. in the front of改成in front of

 9. writing改为written 10. happy改为happily

（二）语法规范

1. raise改成are raised 2. Comparing改成Compared

3. include改为includes 4. more and more small改成smaller and smaller

5. opening改为opened 6. 去掉had

7. Take改为Taking 8. 加连词so

 9. happened前加which 10. are改为am

1. 写作积累
2. 词汇积累

1. delighted 2. importance

3. amazing 4. essential

5. splendid 6. make use of

7. had good effects/influence on 8. am convinced

9. do harm to/ are harmful to 10. account for

11. make effort 12. intention

13. attach importance to 14. increasing number

15. a large variety of

1. 句式积累
2. (1) It is our duty/responsibility to save water and make full use of used water in our daily life.

(2) It is said that his speech about environmental protection has raised concern home and abroad.

(3) It is suggested that we should make every effort to live a low-carbon life in our everyday life.

(4) It is high time that we took effective measures to protect our environment.

(5) It is of great importance for us to develop good learning habits as well as living habits.

2. (1) There is no doubt that it is everyone’s responsibility to protect the environment.

(2) There is no sense/point in complaining when we are in face of difficulty and failure.

(3) There is no need for parents to compare their children with others’ in the growing development.

(4) There is possibility that too much exposure to cell phone will have bad effects on our body and mental health.

3. (1) As a saying goes, where there is a will there is a way.

(2) As is known to us, an increasing number of people are driving private cars

(3) The quality of air is becoming increasingly bad, which has raised concern all over the world.

(4) Many senior students didn’t form good learning habits from young, in which case, they have great

difficulty in doing well in their study.

4. (1) What concerns us is that most students in Chinese education system lake the ability to create.

(2) Books to our mind are what exercise to our body.

(3) Chances are that too much exposure to cell phone will have bad effects on our body and mental health.

(4) The reason why students have low abilities is that there is no such education atmosphere to inspire

students’ potential.

5. (1) The air pollution is so severe that we can no longer have a blue sky.

(2) We ought to try public transportation so that we can make contributions to reducing air pollution.

(3) We have only one Earth, so/and therefore we are supposed to attach great importance to environmental protection.

6. (1) It is hard work and optimistic attitude that help us achieve success.

(2) It is good learning habits that really count in the study of senior middle school.

(3) It is with combined efforts that we can construct a harmonious society.

7. (1) Only with combined efforts can we construct a harmonious society.

(2) So severe is the air pollution that we can no longer have a blue sky.

(3) Only when parents take active part in their children’s education can their children make great

progress.

(4) Not only should we attach great importance to the effects of habits, but also we ought to devoted ourselves to developing good learning and living habits.

三、典型试题参考范文：

（一）

It has been reported that China successfully launched a three-man crew into space where one of them made the country’s first space walk, the country’s most challenging space mission since first launching a person into space in 2003.

The majority of the students surveyed are in favor of Space Exploration because the Chinese people have been dreaming of going into outer space ever since before. Exploring space will help China to take part in the international competition in the future. Also, the development of science and technology makes it possible for China to realize the dream.

However, some students argue against it. In their opinion, China can’t afford Space Exploration which calls for a large amount of money. In addition, as a developing country, China is supposed to make every effort to solve other social problems.

As far as I’m concerned, it’s necessary for us to explore space in that it will bring more benefits in the future, which we cannot even imagine now. As a student, I feel not only happy but also proud of the great achievements made in this field. I will work hard so that I can make a contribution to our nation.

（二）

In recent years, as our living standards have improved considerably, more and more problems have arisen from the so-called modern lifestyles. According to a survey in a middle school, about 45% of the students are overweight, which has raised great concern among the public.

As is shown in the bar chart, the unhealthy life style is the main cause of their being overweight. For one thing, nearly half of the fat students have unhealthy diets, such as soft drinks, fatty fast-food, junk food and so on. Coming next is the lack of physical exercise, which is why 36% of the students have weight problems. For another, one out of four fat students is particular about what they eat, especially the food high in sugar and fat.

When it comes to weight problems, I think what really matters is a healthy life style. First, we teenagers are supposed to have a balanced diet rich in fibers and vitamins rather than fast and junk food. Besides, regular physical exercise is a must for us to keep fit, which means we are expected to have more outdoor activities. In conclusion, only with a healthy life style can we enjoy a happy life.